

Level 1 Great Britain

단어	품사	한글뜻	영문뜻	예문
Anglican	noun	영국 성공회교도	referring to the church of England	The first Anglican church was started by King Henry VIII.
armada	noun	함대	a fleet of warships	British ships won an important battle against the Spanish Armada in 1588.
armies	noun	군대	the military force of a country	Some armies went through Great Britain on their way to attack Europe.
cathedrals	noun	대성당	a large and important church	The cathedrals of Great Britain are large churches.
Christianity	noun	기독교	a religion or belief system of Catholics, protestants and eastern orthodox churches	In the time of Henry VIII, Christianity was the most important religion of Great Britain.
colony	noun	식민지	a country or group of people ruled by another country	In 1607 Great Britain started a colony in what is now Virginia, in the United States.
defeat	verb	패배하다	to win over or take over another group	In the Battle of Hastings, the Normans defeated the Saxons of Great Britain.
farm	verb	농장	to grow food or crops	After the Norman's began to control Britain, the common people were made to work on farms.
feudalism	noun	봉건 제도	political system of the middle ages	In the system known as feudalism, the landowners shared power with the king.
influence	noun	영향	to force or suggest to other people to do something	In modern Britain, the king or queen has less influence than he or she did long ago.
parliament	noun	국회	type of government in a country	After King John the first I signed the Magna Carta, a parliament was created to help make laws.
port	noun	항구	a town or city where ships load and unload the things or people they are	Great Britain is an island nation with many

			carrying	good ports.
religion	noun	종교	belief in and worship of a superhuman power	In 1509 there was an important change of religion when King Henry VIII started the Anglican church.
slave	noun	노예	a person who is owned by another person and who has to obey that person	The landowners made the common people farm their land like slaves.